

# The Intelligencer

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## The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 35 and 37 Fourteenth Street.

The mail men met at Pittsburgh yesterday and discussed the situation of trade, but took no steps looking to a change of the existing card of prices.

There is complaint among shippers of this city that the P. W. & Ky. road is not rightly guarding their interests at this point by giving them promptly and equitably the Pittsburgh rates to the East. For days past the rates from Pittsburgh to New York have been six cents on fourth-class freight, while from here they have been raised to the old rate of sixteen cents, and corresponding rates to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

P. W. & Ky. people at Pittsburgh give an excuse for this discrimination the fact that a pressure has been exerted on them by the Baltimore & Ohio, and that they have yielded to the pressure. This is a rather shabby sort of an excuse. If our nation is to be built-up by the Baltimore & Ohio into discriminating against people who built it, and who have welcomed it with such generous patronage, it will soon lose its popularity, and shippers will look forward to the time when the Tuscawawas Valley road will give them the justice they had hoped for from the P. W. & Ky.

The Nationals went through the face of nominating a ticket yesterday at Columbus in the face of Ewing's nomination—the man who is their head ideal of a statesman. Their side show sham, however, will not deceive anybody. Their idea is to pull Republicans into voting for their candidate while the Democracy will vote for Ewing. This is the object of running a separate ticket. As the member from Lincoln was accustomed to observe, the ticket is "too rotten thing."

The veto power. We observe that the veto power gave the virtuous Democracy of Ohio a great deal of concern at Columbus yesterday. When Andy Johnson used the veto power two or three times a day during his presidency they considered it a sign of immense statesmanship on the part of Andy. It is a good deal as Nasby says in another column to-day, that the veto power was intended solely for the use of a Southern President or else a Northern one elected by Southern votes.

We observe also that the Ohio Democracy took water on the idea of carrying out Ben Wilson's programme of getting "the appropriation bill, the President and the army go to hell." They had vision of the Western Reserve voting en masse for Foster and, concluded not to endorse Ben's programme.

Their Only Hope Gone. The Register yesterday declared that Thurman is the one man who if placed at the head of the ticket to-day can bring victory. If we understand the English usage this means that if such a man as Ewing is placed at the head of the ticket, the victory will be his. The Register is therefore up in Ohio. Another feature of the Register's article was its virtual surrender of New York to the Republicans this fall. It said: "It is the opinion of shrewd political observers that through the wicked quarrel between the Tammany and Tilden factions, New York is irretrievably lost to the Democrats."

This will do for one day. Ohio and New York conceded to the Republicans is all they ask in the way of cash capital to commence with. With such a soft shell Ewing in the lead, it would have been decidedly safe for the Register to have drawn in New Jersey and Connecticut.

The Wool Market. Mr. Kaminsky, of Jefferson county, O., informs us that the wool market is excited, and that he has heard of 35 cents having been paid by an agent of an eastern manufacturer who recently visited New York. ALEXANDER is out from New York, reconnoitering the situation, and in company with all parties who contemplate buying is somewhat puzzled by the sudden developments of the market and uncertain as to what turn prices may take. Justice, Bateman & Co., were understood to look for higher prices last, but the rise has been so sudden and early in the season, and is so much at variance with the views lately expressed both East and West, that buyers naturally hesitate to regard it as anything more than a sport, and are keenly alive to the danger of being again left to pay the piper after the dance is over. Mr. H. K. List regards the market as in an anomalous but dangerous condition for buyers, and does not seem disposed to take hold at the prices talked of among speculators, viz: 35 cents, but would be in the market at 30 cents.

As yet there is no wool selling worth mentioning. Buyers and sellers are apart in their views. The former are waiting to penetrate the true inwardness of the situation before making up their minds, and it may be that we will see a very slight market for the next two weeks. The rapid advance in prices East illustrates anew the old saying that it is always the unexpected that happens, and that the motto of the medicine man who teaches that *contra contraria remedium* is the ticket that wins.

The Democratic Nomination for Governor of Ohio. On Tuesday the INTELLIGENCER expressed the opinion that the weakest candidates before the Democratic Convention in Ohio would be Thurman and Ewing. We hardly dared to hope that the Democracy would select one of them for the head of their ticket. We thought it possible that after being brayed in the mortar so often they might see the necessities of the situation and do the thing that was best in order to check the rising tide of Republican enthusiasm. But it seems to be true of the Democracy, as a sagacious gentleman of our acquaintance has often observed in regard to them, that they are generally to be relied on to do the wrong thing at the wrong time, and in

## THE OHIO CONVENTIONS.

The Democrats and Nationals in Convention Assembled.

General Ewing, the Predicted Dark Horse, Successful on the Second Ballot.

The Nationals Hold a Pow-wow and Nominate a Full Ticket.

Two Conventions With But a Single Thought.

Two Men Easier to Beat Than One.

The "Ohio Idea" Made Prominent in Both Platforms.

The Democratic Convention.

COLUMBUS, June 4.—The Democratic State Convention assembled in the Opera House at 10 o'clock. Gen. Jas. Steedman, of Toledo, was chosen temporary Chairman, and Allen O. Myers, of Columbus, temporary Secretary.

In taking the chair Mr. Steedman made a ringing five-minute speech, the point of which was that the time had come when the Democratic party should insist upon claiming its full share in honor of the late war, for it was largely due to the Democratic soldiers that the Union was saved. After electing committees a recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

The Convention re-assembled at two o'clock. All portions of the State were reported fully represented. Samuel Hunt, of Cincinnati, was chosen permanent Chairman.

THE TICKET.

The Convention nominated the following ticket:

For Governor—Thomas Ewing, of Fairfield.

Lieutenant Governor—A. V. Rice, of Putnam.

Secretary—Anthony Howells, of Stark.

Auditor—Charles Keenleim, of Hamilton.

Judge of Supreme Court—W. J. Gilmore, of Preble.

Member Board of Public Works—Patrick O'Mara, of Cuyahoga.

THE PLATFORM.

The following platform was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Ohio demand free and fair elections, and to that end denounce all interference with the election by the military power; that the election of this and other countries has abundantly proved that the presence of troops at the polls is destructive of the freedom of elections and is incompatible with the existence of free institutions; that the laws enacted by Congress, which under the pretext of regulating the manner of Congressional elections, interfere with the election of State officers, and overthrow the laws of the States governing the choice of such officers are unconstitutional, and that reason ought to be repudiated; that they are also instrumentalities of fraud, force and corruption, by which the party in power uses the money of the people to corrupt and harass and to deprive of the franchise the honest and virtuous citizens of the State.

As an injunction has been granted restraining the Jefferson County, Ohio, Commissioners from levying the tax for pikes.

THE WITZEL REBUT.

Examination of the Prisoners Further Postponed Until To-day—All Quiet at Littleton—The Situation Not So Bad as Reported.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

LITTLETON, W. Va., June 4, 1879.

Your correspondent arrived at the "seat of war" to-day, prepared to find an ensanguined field covered with gory corpses, but was surprised to find that the quiet village of Littleton was enjoying its usual serenity.

The "Red Men" examinations have been postponed until to-morrow morning. The parties have gone home, and there is as little material here for a sensational letter as in any other quiet village.

In the general expression of the citizens here is in favor of the preservation of law and order, and we were surprised to find that the people here do not look like the desperadoes they have been pictured.

There is a very general complaint on the part of the people here, that the people of this portion of West Virginia are some lawless characters, that the ways of the people are law-abiding, and that all here are law-abiding. Even those who are accused of violations of the law, profess a perfect willingness to abide by whatever punishment may be assessed against them, and are inclined to think that the laws would have been right. But men not above suspicion themselves took advantage of the terror inspired by the organization, and private spite and filthy malice instead of a desire for the public good were the actual motives. Many of the men who originally belonged to the organization withdrew from it, and of those who remained many only quietly acquiesced in the work that was being done.

It is safe to say that not one man in twenty in this county approves of the action of the self constituted vigilantes who have been disgracing the county, and on the other hand at least the same proportion are earnestly in favor of having the laws as rigidly enforced against those who have lawless actions gave rise to an apparent necessity for the organization.

The officers of the county express themselves as ready, able and willing to enforce the laws, and are inclined to think that they will do so. Of course there is danger that "bad blood" will be stirred up during the pendency of the examinations but the present prospects are favorable for a peaceful and full examination.

OCCASIONAL.

Not the Necessary Number.

HARRISBURG, June 4.—The House of Representatives defeated the resolution to expel W. F. Rumberger, member from Armstrong county, charged with corrupt solicitation of members of the House, by a vote of 104 yeas to 99 nays, less than the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative.

## HOW NORTHERN OHIO FEELS

Over Yesterday's Work at Columbus.

Ewing to Be Beaten by Twenty-Five Thousand Majority.

CLEVELAND, June 4.

The Democratic nominations at Columbus to-day fall like a very wet blanket on the party in Northern Ohio. The ticket arouses no enthusiasm whatever in any quarter, while in many places the candidate for Governor and the platform are openly cursed. The Republicans are jubilant over Ewing's nomination and their assured prospects of a magnificent victory this fall. Ewing is by far the easiest man to beat of all who were before the Convention. The fact that he forced Post on Gov. Bishop for Mine Inspector will lose him fifty thousand Democratic votes, and he will be beaten in the State by not less than twenty-five thousand. Make no mistake on that.

## SOUTHERN OHIO OPINIONS.

The Enquirer in a Jolly Congratulatory Mood.

An Extraordinary Political Birth at Columbus.

What the Democratic Organ of Ohio Has to Say.

CINCINNATI, O., June 4.

The Enquirer will say to-morrow in its editorial:

The Democratic Convention yesterday, nobly and with splendid and patriotic emphasis, met and rebuked the infamous Republican attempt to wrap the bloody shirt around this Ohio canvass, and with it to encircle the spoils. The Ohio Democracy, tossing defiance back at the falsehood, put to shame the hypocritical Republican Convention of last week and offer a Union soldier in their right and a Union soldier in their left hand to the suffrages of Ohio.

The Republican Convention, with its customary cant, found a place in the last resolution of its platform to speak of the memory of our dead heroes and to protest against the expulsion of their living comrades from public office, but it was not until the chief prize of the Convention had been refused to a soldier and given to a civilian who was at home increasing his gains during the war that the Republicans thought of giving a soldier an office.

Then, in a spirit of narrowness, not to reward a soldier, but to defeat a Hebrew. General Hickenlooper was nominated for the Lieutenant Governorship. This was the high esteem in which the Republicans held "the memory of our dead heroes who gave their lives to save the Nation from destruction" and the claims of their living comrades.

The Democratic Convention yesterday laid its best laurel wreath on the head of a soldier and crowned this patriotic work by selecting another soldier to second him in the contest. No more eloquent or more unanswerable argument than this could be arrayed against the falsehood upon which the voters of Ohio judge between them. It is a patriotic ticket. It is a people's ticket that the Convention in truth nominated gloriously. Its ticket offers hope to the poor man; gives stagnant industry a gleam of encouragement; claims the right hand of fellowship with every soldier, and will win in October amid the hosannas of the people.

The Other Side.

CINCINNATI, June 4.

The Democrats had a streak of bad luck and nominated a weak ticket. It is weak in Hamilton county and all over. The rag baby twins, born at Columbus. The political joke of the age.

M. HALSTED.

Pittsburgh Nail Meeting Yesterday.

The meeting of the Western Nail Association to-day has been, so far, unproductive of definite action. The entire morning was spent in discussing the situation of the trade and methods by which the trouble with the men could be settled. In all the districts but the Wheeling district the poddlers presented a written sliding scale to the manufacturers, but in Wheeling nothing of the kind was done, and no written proposition was submitted. The meeting adjourned at two o'clock for dinner, but will remain in session all the afternoon. A large number of members are in attendance, and all seem determined not to pay last year's scale.—Evening Tribune.

Tailors' Strike.

CINCINNATI, June 4.—What is known as the shop tailors, being those who make up goods for wholesale clothing houses, of this city, have made a demand for 25 per cent increase in their compensation. The clothing firms affected by the strike claim that they are now paying from 15 to 20 per cent higher rates than are paid in New York, and declare their intention to firmly resist the strikers. It is estimated that 10,000 persons work at this kind of tailoring in this city and vicinity, only about one-third of whom are included among the employes of stores.

Horned Handled Carey Disgraced.

COLUMBUS, O., June 4.—Gen. Carey, Gen. Sherwood and other gentlemen who participated in the Greenback Convention held to-day, held a meeting to-night, at which Carey was disgraced. A resolution was adopted to issue a call for another Convention, to meet at Toledo on June 17th, to nominate a new ticket.

His Proper Fate.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—A dispatch from Colusa, says: N. L. Squires, convicted of murder in the first degree, suicided by cutting his throat with a razor. His wife took the razor to him.

Obituary.

NEW YORK, June 4.—James Orton Woodruff, of scientific expedition fame, died here this morning of brain disease.

Bloomington, Ill., June 4.—The business part of the town of Weldon, Dewitt county, was burned this morning. Loss \$20,000.

## DOMESTIC NEWS.

A Statement of the Government's Financial Operations.

The Text of the Bill Repealing the Juror's Test Oath.

General Sam. Carey and Others Want Another Convention.

WASHINGTON.

PRINTERS VISIT THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The Delegates to the International Typographical Union and a number of resident printers were received by President Hayes in the Executive Mansion this morning. The President said he was pleased to see them, and expressed regret that pressing business prevented him making closer acquaintance.

THE REFUNDING CERTIFICATES.

The subscriptions to the four per cent refunding certificates since yesterday's report were \$445,160. The Secretary of the Treasury has given notice that, on and after the 10th inst., the ten-dollar refunding certificates will be received at the Department for conversion into four per cent bonds. The refunding certificates forwarded for conversion and four per cent bonds issued therefor must be transmitted without risk or expense to the Government. Packages should be marked "Refunding Certificates," and addressed to the Treasurer of the United States, and should specify the denominations of the bonds desired, also whether coupon or registered, and for the latter the full name and postoffice address of the person should be given.

FITZ JOHN PORTER'S CASE.

The official papers in the Fitz John Porter case have been delivered to the President. It is understood that he will refer them to Congress.

INAGALS CASE.

At a meeting of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections to-day the papers in the Inagals case were submitted with a view to the action upon the question whether or not the charges should be investigated by this body, but on account of the absence of Senator Hoar, the subject was postponed on motion of Senator Bailey until Saturday next.

STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

Numerous inquiries having been made as to financial operations of the Government the Secretary of the Treasury has published the following statement showing the changes in the public debt, annual interest charge, etc.

REDUCTION OF GOVERNMENT DEBT.

Total interest bearing debt at the highest point August 31, 1865.	\$2,381,309,394
Total loss of 1875, including interest on refunding operations. <th>1,737,448,708</th>	1,737,448,708
Reduction on interest bearing debt from the highest point. <th>563,860,686</th>	563,860,686
Annual interest charge, highest point. <th>130,977,697</th>	130,977,697
Annual interest charge, present point. <th>85,778,719</th>	85,778,719
Reduction in interest charge. <th>45,198,978</th>	45,198,978

REDUCTION OF TOTAL DEBT.

Debt less cash in Treasury, highest point August 31, 1865.	\$2,756,431,671
Loss of 1875, including interest on refunding operations. <th>2,027,152,468</th>	2,027,152,468
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## FOREIGN NEWS.

EGYPT.

STIRRING UP THE KHEDIVÉ.

CAIRO, June 4.—The German Consul has just received from the Khedivé yesterday and pressed him to a reply to the German protest of May 17th, against the arbitrary manner in which the Khedivé's decree dated April 4th, dealt with the Egyptian Government.

The Khedivé replied by referring the consul to the Sultan. The consul refused to take the case to the Sultan. He declared that Germany held the Khedivé responsible and he expressed the regret that the Egyptian question had entered the phase which has serious consequences.

INDIA.

FAMINE DISTRESS.

LONDON, June 4.—Official dispatches from Cashmere say it is impossible to exaggerate the distress of the famine there. Maharajah, of this Province, at the request of the Viceroy of India, is proceeding to Serinagar to superintend the organization of relief. Three thousand, five hundred tons of grain are in transit to the Valley of Cashmere.

ENGLAND.

ELLIOTT AND HANLAN.

Elliott and Hanlan are rapidly coming into good form, and are daily watched by large crowds. Betting continues two to one on Hanlan, owing, as a sportsman says, to the abundance of American money.

BULLION WITHDRAWN.

Bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England, on balance to-day, amounted to \$52,000.

GERMANY.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

BERLIN, June 4.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows a decrease in specie of 6,260,000 marks.

It is believed that the railway question will be brought before the Reichstag this session and that the basis of the Government proposal will be the introduction of uniform rates for all railway lines in the Empire, whether State or proprietary.

FOREIGN NOTES.

The river Po has made a break in the embankment between Serride and Keole, doing serious damage.

Borsenbender denies that Bismarck has asked Hamburg and Bremen to surrender their privileges as free ports.

The project for holding an international regatta on Lake Geneva, Switzerland, has been abandoned for this year.